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Year 4: Detail of content to be introduced (statutory requirement)	
Word	The grammatical difference between plural and possessive –s
	Standard English forms for verb inflections instead of local spoken forms [for
	example, we were instead of we was, or I did instead of I done]
Sentence	Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and
	preposition phrases (e.g. the teacher expanded to: the strict maths teacher with curly hair)
	Fronted adverbials [for example, <u>Later that day</u> , I heard the bad news.]
Text	Use of paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme
	Appropriate choice of pronoun or noun within and across sentences to aid cohesion and avoid repetition
Punctuation	Use of inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech [for
	example, a comma after the reporting clause; end punctuation within inverted commas: The conductor shouted, "Sit down!"
	Apostrophes to mark plural possession [for example, the girl's name, the girls' names]
	Use of commas after fronted adverbials
Terminology for	determiner
pupils	pronoun, possessive pronoun
	adverbial